The Decision Deck Project Towards Open Source Software Tools Implementing Multiple Criteria Decision Aid

#### DECISION DECK Consortium Raymond Bisdorff<sup>†</sup> and Patrick Meyer<sup>‡</sup>

<sup>†</sup>University of Luxembourg,<sup>‡</sup>TELECOM Bretagne

July 2010 @ *MCDM*{*M*|*A*} Summer School École Centrale Paris

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The Decision Deck project aims at collaboratively developing **open source software tools** implementing Multiple Criteria Decision Aid (MCDA).

Its purpose is to provide effective tools for three types of users :

- practitioners who use MCDA tools to support actual decision makers involved in real world decision problems;
- teachers who present MCDA methods in courses, for didactic purposes;

- researchers who want to test and compare methods or to develop new ones.

**Promote** MCDA research and make it more visible to the "outside world".

Generate new open research issues and support them.

- researchers in the field of MCDA;
- software developers;
- users/decision aid consultants.

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### - Overview of the Decision Deck project;

- A little bit of history & visible activities;
- The Decision Deck Consortium & 6 initiatives;

### - Focus on 3 initiatives;

- The future & what you can do.

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- MICDA standard; MICDA web services
- diviz;
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- XMCDA standard;
- MCDA web services;
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  - Alternatives (decision actions) are evaluated on multiple preference dimensions (criteria, attributes);

e.g. cars evaluated according to their price, av. fuel consumption, look, max. speed, ...

- **Help** to determine the *best* alternative, rank the alternatives or assign them to ordered classes;
- By taking into account the preferences of the decision maker.

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1. A bit of history & visible activities

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Contributions from Portugal (INESC Coimbra) and Poland (ICS Poznan) (plugins for **D2**);

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### - 1 future workshop

Ecole Centrale de Paris, October 7-9, 2010 ;

### - 2 developers days

### - 6 steering meetings

Luxembourg, Paris, Brussels, ......

### 7 specifications meetings

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- A french non profit association<sup>1</sup> which steers and manages the project;
- Headed by an administration board
  - V. Mousseau (*pres.*), P. Meyer (*trea*.), M. Pirlot (*sec*.), R. Bisdorff, O. Cailloux;
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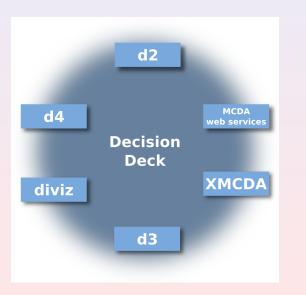
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A rich open source Java client offering several MCDA methods.

- MCDA methods can be added as plugins;
- Role management and a first attempt of collaborative work;
- Currently offering IRIS, RUBIS and VIP, UTA-GMS/GRIP.

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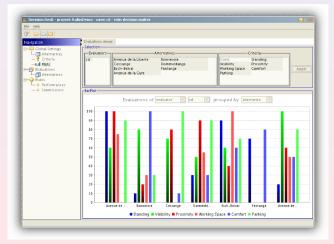
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Time for a demo!

### MCDA web services

Algorithmic components or complete MCDA methods accessible online.

- Reuse of existing implementations of algorithms;
- Use of any programming language;
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Further details later !

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A standardised XML recommandation to represent objects and data structures issued from the field of MCDA.

Allow different MCDA algorithms to interact and be easily callable;

- Direct applications :
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  - Standard visualisation of data.

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- Call and basic management of web services

- Interface in a web browser.

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Time for a <u>demo</u> !

#### diviz

An open source Java client and server for XMCDA web services composition, workflow management and deployment.

Call and advanced management of web services;

- Oriented towards algorithms (and not decision aid processes)

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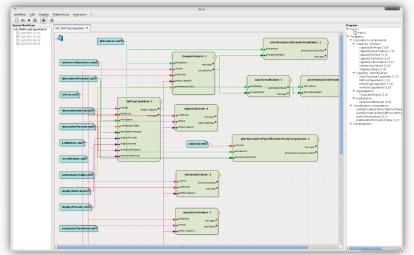
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### D4

A rich internet application host for implementing, running and auditing XMCDA compatible decision aid processes.

- Oriented towards decision aid processes and algorithms;

- Interface in a web browser.

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Veta	Username Login Remember me
D <sup>4</sup> DESCRIPTION	Create an account
Create the domain model	Login First name Last name
Design the user pages	Email Password Register
Execute the application	

### Time for a demo !

# Key websites

- http://www.decision-deck.org General information about the project;
- http://decision-deck.sourceforge.net Technical information about the D2 and D3;
- http://www.decision-deck.org/d3/
   Portal of the D3 server in Luxembourg;
- http://www.decision-deck.org/xmcda
   All information about the XMCDA standard;
- http://www.decision-deck.org/diviz All information on the diviz initiative.
- http://leopold-loewenheim.uni.lu/cawa/ Portal of the D4 server in Luxembourg.

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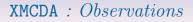
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- XMCDA standard;
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### Focus on three initiatives

1. XMCDA standard



A standard data format does not exist to test a same MCDA problem instance on various methods (and softwares);

Existing MCDA methods / algorithms cannot *communicate*.

#### 2007

Creation of the **specification committee** in Decision Deck to propose a standardised format for MCDA data : XMCDA.

### **XMCDA** : Introduction

XMCDA is an instance of **UMCDA-ML**.

UMCDA-ML is intended to be a universal modelling language to express MCDA concepts and generic decision aid processes.

XMCDA focusses more particularly on MCDA concepts and data structures and is defined by an XML schema.

### **XMCDA** : Introduction

The goals of XMCDA are to ease :

- the interaction of different MCDA algorithms;
- the execution of various algorithms on the **same problem** instance;
- the visual representation of MCDA concepts and data structures via standard tools like web browsers.

XMCDA is maintained by the specifications committee of the Decision Deck project.

### **XMCDA** : Introduction

Abstract description of the XMCDA structure is performed via a detailed XML schema;

See schema documentation for further details : http ://www.decision-deck.org/xmcda

General idea : express MCDA concepts through a few general XML structures.



- MCDA concept : a real or abstract construction related to the field of MCDA which needs to be stored in XMCDA; for example, the importance of the criteria;
- XMCDA type : XML structure that we created for the purpose of XMCDA;

for example, criteriaValues to store general values related to a set of criteria.

### **XMCDA** : Structure outline

Several tags under the root element XMCDA.

A few general categories :

- Project or file description;
- Output messages from methods (log or error messages) and input information for methods (options);
- Description of major MCDA concepts as attributes, criteria, alternatives, categories;

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- The performance table;
- Further preferential information related to criteria, alternatives, attributes or categories.

### **XMCDA** : Conventions on the tagnames

The name of a tag starts by a **lower-case** letter;

The rest of the name is in mixed case with the first letter of each internal word capitalised;

We use **whole words** and avoid as much as possible acronyms and abbreviations :

methodParameters, performanceTable and preferenceInformation

Objects of the same type can be gathered in a **compound** tag named after the plural form of its components (e.g., alternatives).

### **XMCDA** : Conventions on the attributes

**Three** attributes can be found in the main data tags : id, name and mcdaConcept;

id : machine readable code or identifier of an object;

```
<alternativesSet id="set1">
<element>
<alternativeID>a03</alternativeID>
</element>
<alternativeID>a04</alternativeID>
</element>
</element>
```

### XMCDA : Conventions on the attributes

name : human-readable name of an object

mcdaConcept : MCDA type of a particular instance of an XMCDA structure

Do not mix up with the object's name !!

### XMCDA : Elementary types - value

```
< values >
```

```
<value><integer>8</integer></value>
```

```
<value><rankedLabel>
<label>Good</label>
<rank>1</rank>
</rankedLabel></value>
```

```
<value><rational>
<numerator>10</numerator>
<denominator>3</denominator>
</rational></value>
```

```
<value><real>3.141526</real></value>
</values>
```

Note that there also exists a type called numericValue which restricts value to numerical values.

XMCDA : Elementary types – intervals, points & scales

```
<interval>
<lowerBound><value>[..]</value></lowerBound>
<upperBound><value>[..]</value></upperBound>
</interval>
```

Scales can be qualitative, quantitative or nominal.

```
<scale>

<quantitative>

<min><real>0.00</real></min>

<max><real>1.00</real></max>

</quantitative>

</scale>
```

### **XMCDA** : Elementary types – functions

A function can either be a constant, a linear, a piecewise linear function or simply a set of points.

```
<function>
      <constant><real>456.3847</real></constant>
</function>
<function>
      <linear>
            <slope><real>4.00</real></slope>
            <intercept><real>4.00</real></intercept>
      </linear>
</function>
<function>
      <points>[..]</points>
</function>
```

### XMCDA : Elementary types – description

A description is present in any XMCDA type.

### XMCDA : How to describe the current project?

projectReference : description of the current project by different tags from the description type.

## XMCDA : How to specify method-specific options?

Some methods require some specific options in order to guide the resolution of a decision problem.

```
<methodParameters>

<approach>outranking</approach>

<problematique>choice</problematique>

<methodology>Rubis</methodology>

<parameter name="variant">

<value>

<label>standard</label>

</value>

</parameter>

</methodParameters>
```

### XMCDA : How to store method-specific messages?

Certain methods might generate some error or log messages.

```
< \texttt{methodMessages} >
       <errorMessage>
             <number>404</number>
             <name>Error 404</name>
             <message>
                   Data not found.
                   Did you specify a bad file name?
             </message>
       </errorMessage>
       <logMessage>
             <number>0</number>
             <name>OK</name>
             <message>Execution successful.</message>
       </logMessage>
</methodMessages>
```

### XMCDA : How to define alternatives?

### XMCDA : How to define criteria / attributes?

```
<criteria>
       <criterion id="g1">
             <description>
                   <comment>Power in horsepowers</comment>
             </description>
             <attributeReference>att1</attributeReference>
             <scale>
                   <quantitative>
                          <preferenceDirection>
                               max
                          </preferenceDirection>
                          <minimum><real>50</real></minimum>
                          <maximum><real>200</real></maximum>
                   </quantitative>
             </scale>
      </criterion>
      <criterion id="g2"/>
</criteria>
```

### XMCDA : How to define categories?

```
<categories>
<category id="g" name="goodStudents">
<active>true</active>
<category>
<category>
<active>false</active>
<category>
</category>
</category>
```

### XMCDA: The performance table

```
<performanceTable>
      <alternativesPerformance>
             <alternativeID>alt1</alternativeID>
             <performance>
                    <criterionID>g1</criterionID>
                    <value><real>72.10</real></value>
                    </performance>
             <performance>
                   <criterionID>g2</criterionID>
                    <value><real>82.62</real></value>
             </performance>
      </alternativesPerformance>
      <alternativesPerformance>
             <alternativeID>alt2</alternativeID>
             Γ..1
      </alternativesPerformance>
</performanceTable>
```



You've got the general ideas!

Also possible to store advanced preferential information on alternatives, criteria, attributes and categories.

For further details : http ://www.decision-deck.org/xmcda.

In particular, have a look at the Quick guide to XMCDA.

### XMCDA : time for a demo

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- An XMCDA instance;
- XSD;
- XSL + CSS : visualisation in a web browser.

### **XMCDA** : The specifications committee

Maintenance of XMCDA & management of its future versions;

Proposal of  $\ensuremath{\text{evolutions}}$  , according to needs expressed by users of XMCDA ;

Regular specifications meetings and discussions;

Dissemination issues of the XMCDA releases;

Forthcoming work on XMCDA;

Don't hesitate to join us, if you're interested !

## XMCDA : Conclusion ?

A few general types to represent a lot of concepts;

Your participation is welcome;

Some things are certainly missing;

Try to implement your method and tell us what is wrong;

General idea for programmers : try to make compromises and be flexible !

### Focus on three initiatives

2. MCDA web services

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### **Observations** :

- MCDA researchers are often not computer scientists;
- MCDA researchers have programmed their algorithm(s) in the programming language they know best;
- MCDA researchers are generally not interested in reimplementing their algorithm(s) in an *imposed* programming language.

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### Raymond Bisdorff's idea (2007)

Instead of asking researchers to rewrite their MCDA algorithms in a specific programming language, allow them to publish their programs online s.t. they can be accessed over a network, as publicly available web services.

### **Consequences** :

- Programming language independence (+);
- GUI-less :
  - Enclusive forene on the algorithmic part (-E)
    - (=) mapping (=) with the program (=)
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### How to use the web services?

Via various client softwares, like :

- D2 (via one of the plugins, called Rubis);
- D3;
- Command line (via a SOAP encapsulation);
- diviz.

What data is exchanged ? XML files respecting the XMCDA standard !

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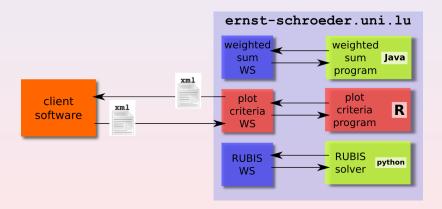
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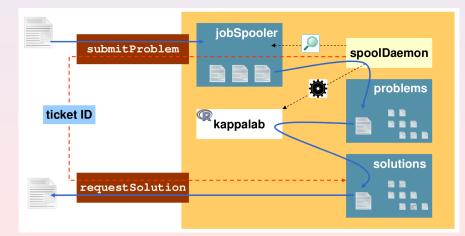
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#### Web service architecture :



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- Asynchronous
  - - lipeful in case the calculations are time-consuming
- Interoperable
  - The subput of a WS can be reinjected into another WS



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3. diviz



### Goals :

- help researchers to construct algorithmic MCDA workflows
   ( = methods) from elementary components;
- help teachers to present MCDA methods and let the students experiment their own creations;
- help to easily compare results of different methods and workflows;
- allow to easily add new MCDA components;
- avoid heavy calculations on your local computer by executing the methods on distant servers:

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- all components are (opensource) web services;
- history of past executions;
- use of XMCDA to make elementary components interoperable;

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The name?

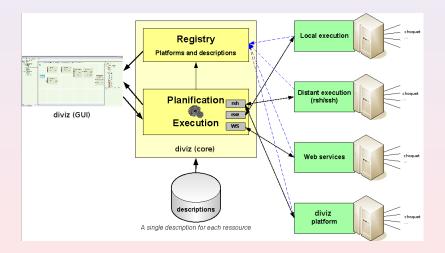
## diviz means *decision* in Breton ...



## A live demo



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#### A generic framework driven by programs' descriptions only !

Key points :

- Different deployment configurations;
- Execution engine :

XML-based resources' description



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  - Fail safe & error recovery ; Support for redundancy ;
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  - - I/O are typed.

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#### - A tool for MCDA components workflow (methods)

- design,
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- A simple and standardised data visualisation tool;

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#### What diviz is not

- A decision aid process designer and manager;
- A role manager.

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#### The future & what you can do.

## How you can help the project

- Join the Decision Deck Consortium (contact me at patrick.meyer@telecom-bretagne.eu); or,
- Support our project (development, standardisation, ...); or,

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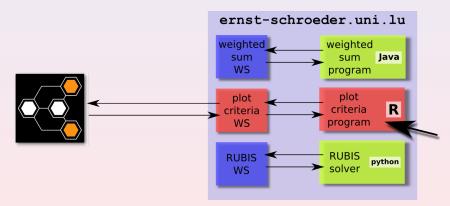
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## Developping web services



WS architecture, independent from diviz.

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Rough recipe :

- Determine the XMCDA data types that your command line program needs;
- Adapt your program to read and write XMCDA files;
   existing R library & Python library I
- 2 input parameters for your program :
  - Computedata directory.
- Specify the mandatory and optional input and output data files and XMCDA data types;
- Send us the program with the specifications.

See also http ://www.decision-deck.org/diviz for detailed instructions

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See also http://www.decision-deck.org/diviz for detailed instructions

Rough recipe :

- Determine the XMCDA data types that your command line program needs;
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- 2 input parameters for your program :
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### How to stay informed?

Low traffic informational mailing list of the Decision Deck project : https ://mlistes.telecom-bretagne.eu/wws/subscribe/decisiondeck-info

Low traffic informational mailing list of the diviz software : https ://mlistes.telecom-bretagne.eu/wws/subscribe/diviz-announcements